

tools to Thomas Howlett, Jr., and the residue to Thomas Howlett, Sr. [EPR 1:267; EQC 2:70].

COMMENTS: On 1 April 1633 Thomas Howlett was fifth in a list of ten men permitted to remove to and inhabit Agawam [Ipswich] [MBCR 1:103].

On 29 March 1642 "Sergeant Howlett" was sued by Mr. Bradstreet concerning herds of cows [EQC 1:41]. He took the inventory of John Shatswell, brought to court 30 March 1647 [EQC 1:112]. The children of "Ensign Howlett" saw a man in Mr. Saltonstall's orchard at exercise time and spoke of it in court 13 November 1649 [EQC 1:179].

On 29 May 1658 Thomas Howlett, Frances Pabody, Richard Hutten and Abraham Redington took the inventory of the estate of George Buncker [EQC 2:98]. At March court 1662, Ensign Howlet deposed regarding the house and land in controversy between Richard Bellingham and Nehemiah Jewett [EQC 2:360]. At June court 1662 Ensign Howlet told Abraham Redington that he would have to testify against him in the matter of a trespass because he knew that Mr. Bradstreet was granted a piece of land in the area under discussion [EQC 2:407].

In his will of 1 March 1643[4], Robert Andrews commended his son John Andrews to the guardianship of Thomas Howlett [EQC 3:163].

At court September 1666 Thomas Howlet Sr. and John Gage Sr. deposed that

at the first planting of the town there was an order made by the town that there should be two rods left free on the river for the benefit of the inhabitants above high water mark, from the town to the neck and also above. Further, that lots were always so laid out thirty-two years since [EQC 3:346].

BIBLIOGRAPHIC NOTE: Good treatments of Thomas Howlett and his family were published in 1945 by Donald Lines Jacobus and in 1959 by Walter Goodwin Davis [Granberry 256-58; Dudley Wildes Anc 53-57].

SIMON HOYT

ORIGIN: West Hatch, Somersetshire

MIGRATION: 1629

FIRST RESIDENCE: Charlestown

REMOVES: Dorchester by 1633, Scituate 1635, Windsor by 1639, Fairfield by 1649, Stamford 1657